THANHCONG SECURITIES COMPANY INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3rd QUARTER OF 2025

30 September 2025



INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
A	В	С	1	2
ASSETS				*
A. CURRENT ASSETS (100 = 110 + 130)	100	C.	2.922.092.916.176	1.838.785.768.128
I. Financial assets	110		2.919.188.035.257	1.834.175.789.672
1. Cash and cash equivalents	111	1	371.423.361.073	186.636.557.215
1.1. Cash	111.1		61.423.361.073	8.636.557.215
1.2. Cash equivalents	111.2		310,000,000,000	178.000.000.000
2. Held-to-maturity investments (HTM)	113	3.2	991.600.000.000	444.996.110.553
3. Loans	114	3.3	876.103.180.201	707.444.350.402
4. Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS)	115	3.4	600.202.927.400	420.869.308.000
5. Receivables	117	4	24.864.057.564	13.167.466.557
5.1. Receivables from disposal of financial assets	117.1		12.218.000.000	4
5.2. Receivables and accruals from dividends and interest on financial	117.2		12.646.057.564	13.167.466.557
5.2.1. Receivables from due dividends and interest	117.3		8.947.554.827	9.574.486.737
5.2.2. Accruals for undue dividends and interest	117.4		3.698.502.737	3,592,979,820
6. Prepayments to suppliers	118	4	1.871.709.623	154.000.000
7. Receivables from services provided by the Company	119	4	534.893.063	409.476.736
8. Other receivables	122	5	4.407.051.616	62,329,875,492
9. Provisions for impairment of receivables	129	5	(1.831.355.283)	(1.831.355.283)
II. Other current assets	130		2,904,880,919	4.609.978.456
1. Advances	131		72.797.294	49.534.494
2. Short-term prepaid expenses	133	6	2.832.083.625	4.560.443.962
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		324.791.796.845	285,213,138,662
(200 = 210 + 220 + 230 + 240 + 250 - 260)	210		281,077,651,764	244.284.570.272
I. Non-current financial assets	210	7	290,678,050,000	290.678.050.000
1. Investments	Objection .	~	249.000.000.000	249.000.000.000
1.1. Investments in subsidiaries	212.2	7.2	41.678.050.000	41.678.050.000
1.2. Other long-term investments	212.4	7.1	(9,600,398.236)	7/10/10/10/10/10 10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/1
2. Provisions for impairment of non-current financial assets	213 220	1.2	19.725.347.631	13.541.938.447
II. Fixed assets	221	9	6.261.550.418	
1. Tangible fixed assets	222		24,635,321,517	Part of the appropriate and appropriate
- Historical cost	223a		(18.373.771.099)	
- Accumulated depreciation		10	13.463.797.213	131.200.00.200.000.000.000
2. Intangible fixed assets	227	10	44.774.324.894	V2495-V2-V2-1954-VV20-NV30-VV
- Initial cost	228			
- Accumulated amortization (*)	229a		(31.310.527.681)	4.530.000.000
III. Construction-in-progress	240		22 000 707 450	
IV. Other non-current assets	250		23,988,797,450	21 AVAILABLE STATE AVAILABLE AVAILAB
1. Long-term pledges, collaterals, deposits	251	2	1.142.900.000	
2. Long-term prepaid expenses	252	6	761.959.182	16
3. Deposits to the Settlement Assistance Fund	254	8.1	12.066.996.919	UMBACTHISPER PROTECTION OF THE
4. Other non-current assets	255	8.2	10.016.941.349	10.001.923.443
TOTAL ASSETS (270 = 100 + 200)	270		3.246.884.713.021	2,123,998,906,790

INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (cont.)

Unit: VND

ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
C. LIABILITIES (300 = 310 + 340)	300		1.948.852.440.471	955.666.778.287
I. Current liabilities	310		1.947.373.950.474	954.188.288.290
Short-term borrowings and financial leases	311		1,431,500,000.000	491.500.000.000
1.1. Short-term borrowings	312	12	1.431.500.000.000	491.500.000.000
2. Short-term bond issuance	316	12	400.000.000.000	399.559.750.001
3. Payables for securities trading activities	318	13.1	984.296.948	603,076.418
4. Short-term trade payables	320	13.2	75.998.783.767	36.122.312.239
5. Taxes and other obligations to the State Budget	322	14	23.882.807.718	9.519.074.729
6. Payables to employees	323		1.551.202.928	1,687.188.458
7. Short-term accrued expenses	325	13.3	13.199.831.113	14.876.416.916
8. Other short-term payables	329		257.028.000	320.469.529
II. Non-current liabilities	340		1.478.489.997	1.478.489.997
1. Deferred income tax liability	356	15	1.478.489.997	1.478.489.997
D. OWNER'S EQUITY (400 = 410 + 420)	400		1.298.032.272.550	1.168.332.128.503
I. Owner's equity	410		1.298.032.272.550	1.168.332.128.503
1. Capital	411	16.1	1.156.126.290.000	1.156.126.290.000
1.1. Contributed capital	411.1		1.156.209.640.000	1.156.209.640.000
a. Ordinary shares carrying voting rights	411.1a		1.156.209.640.000	1.156.209.640.000
1.2. Share premiums	411.2		(83,350,000)	(83.350.000)
Differences on asset revaluation at the fair values	412		(107.598.143.377)	(147.259.799.227)
3. Retained earnings	417	16.2	249.504.125.927	159.465.637.730
3.1. Realized profit	417.1		242.122.375.947	152.083.887.750
3.2. Unrealized profit	417.2		7.381.749.980	7.381.749.980
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY (440 = 300 + 400)	440		3,246.884.713.021	2,123,998,906,790

OFF-INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS

ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Α	В	С	1	2
A. ASSETS OF THE COMPANY AND ASSETS IN TRUST				
Treated doubtful debts	004		33.363.940.829	33.363.940.829
2. Outstanding shares	006		115.620.964	115.620.964
3. Financial assets listed/registered to Vietnam Securities Depository (VSD) of the Company	008		80.274.860.000	85.329.580.000
Financial assets custodied at VSD but not yet traded of the Company	009		10.000.000	10.000.000
B. ASSETS OF AND LIABILITIES TO INVESTORS				
Financial assets listed/registered to Vietnam Securities Depository (VSD) of the investors	021		2.202.677.070.000	2.207.779.830.000
a. Unrestricted financial assets	021.1		2.026.963.210.000	1.944.040.450.000
b. Restricted financial assets	021.2		1.505.320.000	3.845.240.000
c. Mortgaged financial assets	021.3		120	54.480.000.000
d. Blocked or temporarily held financial assets	021.4		116.145.200.000	111.690.200.000
e. Financial assets awaiting settlement	021.5		58.063.340.000	93.723.940.000
2. Financial assets custodied at VSD but not yet traded of the investor	022	2	82.021.700.000	9.993.630.000
A. Financial assets custodied at VSD but not yet traded, unrestricted from transfer	022.1		1.760.130.000	1.760.130.000
b. Financial assets custodied at VSD but not yet traded, restricted from transfer	022.2		80.261.570.000	8.233.500.000
3. Financial assets awaiting settlement of the investor	023		62.923.340.000	38.125.890.000
4. Financial assets to be entitled to rights of the investor	025		2.850.000	70.250.000
5. Investors' deposits	026	17.1	265.261.044.184	120.926.934.731
5.1. The investor's deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company	027		81.462.886.649	66.340.180.896
5.2. The investor's deposits at VSD	027.1		922.730.289	159.067.000
5.3. Customers' collective deposits for securities transactions	028		183.797.047.600	54.585.643.900
5.4. Deposits of securities issuers	030		1.109.935	1.109.935
6. Payables to the investors relating to their deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company	031	17.2	81.462.886.649	66.340.180.896
6.1. Payables to local investors relating to their deposits at the securities company for securities trading	031.1		80.045.372.995	66.220.704.739
6.2. Payables to overseas investors relating to their deposits at the securities company for securities trading	031.2		1.417.513.654	
7. Dividends, principal and bond interests payable	035		N.109.935	1.109.935

DO THI THANH HOA

NGUYEN THI PHUONG THAO

NGUYEN DUC HIEU

Preparer

Chief Accountant

General Director

15 October 2025

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN CHỰNG KHOÁN THÀNH CÔNG

INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

The 3rd Quarter of 2025

Unit: VND

			3rd QUA	3rd QUARTER		3rd QUARTER ACCUMULATED		
ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year		
L OPERATING INCOME						Marie Comment and Comment and		
1.1. Gains from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	01		56.755.952.174	11.733.192.375	97.984.450.858	31.753.063.310		
a. Gains from disposals of FVTPL financial assets	01.1	18.1	56.755.952.174	11.733.192.375	97.984.450.858	31.753.063.310		
1.2. Interests from held-to-maturity investments (HTM)	02	18.3	11.650.556.372	3.860.418.135	35.142.659.106	8.020.280.512		
1.3. Interest income from loans and receivables	03	18.3	23.541.510.359	20.133.798.706	63.803.593.693	64.477.207.395		
1.4. Interest from available-for-sale financial assets (AFS)	04	18.3	1.353.360.000	1.282.907.200	7.504.270.000	7.274.588.400		
1.5. Brokerage fee income	06	18.4	12.963.589.520	8.340.491.509	26.695.492.108	23.754.697.242		
1.6. Income from securities investment consultancy	08	18.4	-	45.000.000	120.000.000	107.019.022		
1.7. Depository service income	09	18.4	160.059.602	178.944.673	622.489.597	633.516.441		
1.8. Financial consultancy service income	10	18.4	32 5	22.000.000	-	22.000.000		
1.9. Other operating income	11	18.4	20.906.927	18.994.441	636.220.802	443.505.224		
Total operating income ($20 = 01 \rightarrow 11$)	20		106.445.934.954	45.615.747.039	232.509.176.164	136.485.877.546		
IL OPERATING EXPENSES								
2.1. Losses from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	21	18.1	645.089.851	6.014.468.295	1.526.973.534	9.960.309.340		
a. Losses from disposals of FVTPL financial assets	21.1		645.089.851	6.014.468.295	1.526.973.534	9.960.309.340		
2.2. Provisions for diminution in value of financial assets and impairment losses and borrowing costs to finance lending activities	24		16.687.269.913	(914.786.401)	18.212.804.964	(864.485.031)		
2.3. Self-trading expenses	26		24.704.614.199	5.766.628.533	26.491.148.780	6.292.736.470		
2.4. Brokerage expenses	27		10.900.505.779	8.679.088.046	27.180.377.687	23.270.970.938		
2.5. Depository service expenses	30		237.103.343	238.311.562	674.970.754	743.427.698		
2.6. Other service expenses	32		-	₹*	re-	(734.310.000)		
Total operating expenses $(40 = 21 \rightarrow 32)$	40	19	53.174.583.085	19.783.710.035	74.086.275.719	38.668.649.415		

INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT (cont.)

Unit: VND

(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)			3rd QUA	ARTER	ACCUMULATED		
ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	
III. FINANCIAL INCOME							
3.1. Dividend income and interest income from demand	42		168.840.619	138.306.494	419.345.471	435.272.096	
3.2. Other investment income	44		-	J#10		470.120.000	
Total financial income $(50 = 41 \rightarrow 44)$	50		168.840.619	138.306.494	419.345.471	905.392.096	
IV. FINANCIAL EXPENSES							
4.1. Loan interest expenses	52		9.219.452.055	9.644.876.657	55.746.115.084	31.320.834.864	
4.2. Provision for diminution in value of long-term financial investments	54		(32.717.307.867)	(14.542.496.815)	(36.793.081.492)	(17.236.390.429)	
4.3. Other financial expenses	55		146.749.997	60.000.000	440.249.999	240.000.000	
Total financial expenses ($60 = 51 \rightarrow 55$)	60		(23.351.105.815)	(4.837.620.158)	19.393.283.591	14.324.444.435	
V. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	62	20	9.532.651.519	10.704.981.557	26.264.552.539	29.300.296.985	
VL OPERATING RESULT (70 = 20+50-40-60-61-62)	70		67.258.646.784	20.102.982.099	113.184.409.786	55.097.878.807	
VIL OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES							
7.1. Other income	71		106.482	243.351	143.057	278.854	
7.2. Other expenses	72		300.075.190	<u>≅</u> 3	1.924.604.961	3.500.000	
Total other operating profit (80 = 71 - 72)	80		(299.968.708)	243.351	(1.924.461.904)	(3.221.146)	
VIIL TOTAL ACCOUNTING PROFIT BEFORE TAX (90 = 70 + 80)	90		66.958.678.076	20.103.225.450	111.259.947.882	55.094.657.661	
8.1. Realized profit	91		66.958.678.076	20.103.225.450	111.259.947.882	55.094.657.661	
8.2. Unrealized profit/(loss)	92		-1	:#s	-	=	
IX. CORPORATE INCOME TAX	100		13.188.638.630	3.775.480.020	21.158.801.973	9.151.813.122	
9.1. Current corporate income tax	100.1	21	13.188.638.630	3.775.480.020	21.158.801.973	9.151.813.122	
9.2. Deferred corporate income tax	100.2			(#II	-	-	
X. ACCOUNTING PROFIT AFTER TAX (200 = 90 - 100)	200		53.770.039.446	16.327.745.430	90.101.145.909	45.942.844.539	

INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT (cont.)

Unit: VND

			3rd QUA	RTER	ACCUMULATED	
ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
XL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX	300		56.345.900.294	(48.230.019.287)	39.661.655.850	(158.301.197.095
11.1. Gain/(loss) from revaluation of AFS financial assets	301		56.345.900.294	(48.230.019.287)	39.661.655.850	(158.301.197.095
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	400		56.345.900.294	(48.230.019.287)	39.661.655.850	(158.301.197.095
XII. NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	500			-	-	.
12.1. Basic earnings per share (VND/1 share)	501		· ·		81-C	-

DO THI THANH HOA

Preparer

NGUYEN THI PHUONG THAO

Chief Accountant

NGUYEN DUC HIEU

General Director

15 October 2025

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INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method) As at 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	ACCUMULATED FROM THE YEAR	
	CODE NOTE		Current year	Previous year
I. Cash flows from operating activities				
1. Profit before tax	01		111.259.947.882	55.094.657.661
2. Adjustments:	02		43,883.041.757	25.231.083.683
- Depreciation/(amortization) of fixed assets	03		4.626.530.816	3.759.444.362
- Provisions and allowances	04			(2.975.638.867)
- Interest expenses	06		73.958.920.048	32.697.678.700
- Profit/(loss) from investing activities	07		(31.003.906.370)	(7.679.721.565)
- Accruals for interest	08		(3.698.502.737)	(570.678.947)
3. Add non-cash expenses	10		(36.793.081.492)	(17.236.390.429)
- Provision for diminution in value of long-term financial investments	16		(36.793.081.492)	(17.236.390.429)
4. Less non-cash income	18		-	* •
5. Operating profit/(loss) before changes of working capital	30		(898.727.320.658)	(130.521.064.940)
- Increase/(decrease) of FVTPL financial assets	31		(50.012.210.000)	
- Increase/(decrease) of HTM investments	32		(546.603.889.447)	(230.496.110.553)
- Increase/(decrease) of loans	33		(168.658.829.799)	127.637.598.325
- Increase/(decrease) of AFS financial assets	34		(139.671.963.550)	47.966,620,605
(-) Increase, (+) decrease of receivables from disposal of financial assets	35		(12.218.000.000)	(5.438.082.500)
(-) Increase, (+) decrease of receivables and accruals from dividends and interest on financial assets	36		4.219.911.730	6.798.300.794
(-) Increase, (+) decrease of receivables for services provided by securities company	37		(125.416.327)	2.543.841.326
(-) Increase, (+) decrease of other receivables	39		57.922.823.876	(18.270.452.711)
- Increase/(decrease) of other assets	40		(4.009,398,606)	(1.496.072.048)
- Increase/(decrease) of accrued expenses (excluding interest expenses)	41		(1.070.468.344)	(2.430.639.556)
- Increase/(decrease) of prepaid expenses	42		2.864.619.013	(329.282.259)
(-) Corporate income tax paid	43		(8.110.441.897)	(9.033.657.039)
(-) Interests paid	44		(74.565.037.507)	(33.506.538.900)

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (cont.)

Unit: VND

ITEMS	CODE	NOTE		OM THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	
			Current year	Previous year	
- Increase/(decrease) of trade payables	45		39.876.471.528	(15.757.003.983)	
- Increase/(decrease) of taxes and other obligations to the State Budget (excluding corporate income tax paid)	47		1.252.715.201	748.123.574	
- Increase/(decrease) of payables to employees	48		(135.985.530)	1.711.993.372	
- Increase/(decrease) of other payables	50		317.779.001	(1.169.703.387)	
Net cash flows from operating activities	60		(780.377.412.511)	(67.431.714.025)	
II. Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchases and construction of fixed assets, property investments and other assets	61		(6.279.940.000)	(5.200.882.900)	
Withdrawals of investments in subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and other investments	64		-	6.520.500.000	
3. Dividends, profits shared from long-term financial investments	65		31.444.156.369	7.919.721.565	
Net cash flows from investing activities	70		25,164,216,369	9.239.338.665	
III. Cash flows from financing activities					
1. Loan principal	73		3,829,342,767,703	1.005.000.000.000	
1.1. Other loans	73.2		3.829.342.767.703	1.005.000.000.000	
2. Repayment for loan principal	74		(2.889.342.767.703)	(1.015.000.000.000)	
2.1. Other repayment for loan principal	74.3		(2.889.342.767.703)	(1.015,000,000,000)	
Net cash flows from financing activities	80		940.000.000.000	(10,000,000,000)	
IV. Net cash flows during the period	90		184.786.803.858	(68.192.375.360)	
V. Beginning cash and cash equivalents	101		186.636.557.215	297.415.748.983	
- Cash	101.1		8.636.557.215	1.921.624.322	
- Cash equivalents	101.2		178.000.000.000	295.494.124.661	
VI. Ending cash and cash equivalents	103		371.423.361.073	229.223.373.623	
- Cash	103.1		61.423.361.073	29,223,373,623	
- Cash equivalents	103.2		310.000.000.000	200.000.000.000	

CASH FLOWS OF BROKERAGE AND TRUST ACTIVITIES OF THE INVESTORS

Unit: VND

ITEMS	CODE	NOTE	ACCUMULATED FROM TH	
			Current year	Previous year
I. Cash flows of brokerage and trust activities of customers				
1. Cash receipts from disposal of brokerage securities of customers	01		10.237.845.398.200	9.291.162.179.589
Cash payments for acquisition of brokerage securities of customers	02		(10.320.444.558.770)	(8.748.987.121.819)
3. Cash receipts for settlement of customers' securities transactions	07		323,865,396,891	(431.819.170.436)
4. The investor's deposits at VSD	07.1		1.849,776.249	
5. Cash payments for custody fees of customers, other fees	- 11		(98.781.903.117)	(100.486.799.660)
6. Cash receipt from securities issuers	14		58.313.135.200	22.067.843.944
7. Cash payment to securities issuers	15		(58.313.135.200)	(22.067.843.944)
Increase of net cash flows during the period	20		144.334.109.453	9,869,087,674
II. Customers' beginning cash and cash equivalents	30		120,926,934,731	131.523.155.386
Beginning cash in banks:	31		120.926.934.731	131.523.155.386
 Investors' deposits managed by the Company for securities trading activities 	32		66.340.180.896	66.027.442.951
The investor's deposits at VSD	32.1		159.067.000	=
- Customers' collective deposits for securities transactions	33		54.585.643.900	65.494.602.500
- Deposits of securities issuers	35		1.109.935	1.109.935
III. Customers' ending cash and cash equivalents $(40 = 20 + 30)$	40		265.261.044.184	141.392.243.060
Ending cash in banks:	41		265.261.044.184	141.392.243.060
- Investors' deposits managed by the Company for securities trading activities	42		81.462.886.649	62.397.163.475
The investor's deposits at VSD	42.1		.922.730.289	-
- Customers' collective deposits for securities transactions	43		183.797.047.600	78.993.969.650
- Deposits of securities issuers	45		1.109.935	1.109.935

DO THI THANH HOA

Preparer

NGUYEN THI PHUONG THAO

Chief Accountant

NGUYEN DUC HIEU

General Director

15 October 2025

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN

CHỰNG KHOÁN THÀNH CÔNG

INTERIM STATEMENT OF FLUCTUATIONS IN OWNER'S EQUITY

As at 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

		BEGINNING	BALANCE	CHANGES DURING THE PERIOD			ENDING BALANCE		
ITEMS	NOTE			Previous	Previous year		year	30 September 2025	30 September 2024
		01 January 2024	01 January 2025	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	30 September 2023	
A	В	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	d
L Fluctuations in owner's equity									
1. Capital		1.009.716.470.000	1.156.126.290.000	146.409.820.000	-	-	-	1.156.126.290.000	1.156.126.290.000
1.1. Ordinary shares carrying voting rights		1.009.799.820.000	1.156.209.640.000	146.409.820.000	-	-	*	1.156.209.640.000	1.156.209.640.000
1.2. Share premiums		(83.350.000)	(83,350.000)	-		2	;=::	(83.350.000)	(83.350.000)
Differences on asset revaluation at the fair value		(13.477.461.763)	(147.259.799.227)	35.337.699.433	193.638.896.528	117.817.263.018	78.155.607.168	(171.778.658.858)	(107.598.143.377)
Retained earnings		260.812.668.945	159.465.637.730	45.942.844.539	146.409.820.000	91.992.861.996	1.954.373.799	160.345.693.484	249.504.125.927
3.1. Realized profit		253.430.918.965	152.083.887.750	45.942.844.539	146.409.820.000	91.992.861.996	1.954.373.799	152.963.943.504	242.122.375.947
3.2. Unrealized profit		7.381.749.980	7.381.749.980	<u> </u>	16	-	:#X	7.381.749.980	7.381.749.980
Total		1.257.051.677.182	1.168.332.128.503	227.690.363.972	340.048.716.528	209.810.125.014	80.109.980.967	1.144.693.324.626	1.298.032.272.550
II. Other comprehensive income									
Gain/(loss) from revaluation of AFS financial assets		(13.477.461.763)	(147.259.799.227)	35,337,699,433	193.638.896.528	117.817.263.018	78.155.607.168	(171.778.658.858)	(107.598.143.377)
Total		(13.477.461.763)	(147.259.799.227)	35.337.699.433	193.638.896.528	117.817.263.018	78.155.607.168	(171.778.658.858)	(107.598.143.377)

DO THI THANH HOA

Preparer

NGUYEN THI PHUONG THAO

Chief Accountant

CÔNG TY

CÔ PHẦN

CHỨNG KHOÁN

THÀNH CÔNG

NGUYEN DUC HIEU

General Director

15 October 2025





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NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 30 September 2025

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Establishment and Operation License

Thanhcong Securities Company was established and has been operating under the Establishment and Operation License No. 81/UBCK-GP dated 31 January 2008, issued by the State Securities Commission of Vietnam.

During its operation course, the Company has been granted the amended Licenses by the State Securities Commission of Vietnam, regarding the changes in head office's address, legal representative, etc. Currently, the Company has been operating in accordance with the latest amended License No. 36/GPDC-UBCK dated 02 July 2025.

2. Address

2nd Floor, No. 6 Ho Tung Mau Street, Saigon Ward, Ho Chi Minh City.

3. Charter

The Company's 13th amended Charter was issued on 17 April 2025.

4. Business highlights

Capital:

As at 30 September 2025, total charter capital is VND 1.156.209.640.000, owner's equity is VND 1.298.032.272.550, and total assets are VND 3.246.884.713.021.

Objectives:

The Company's principal business activity is to provide services of securities brokerage; self-trading securities, securities issuance guarantee and securities investment consultancy.

Investment restrictions:

The Company complies with Article 28, Circular No. 121/2021/TT-BTC dated 31 December 2021 and its supplements and amendments as follows:

- The Company is not entitled to purchase and contribute capital to buy real estate except for use as its head office, branches and transaction offices in direct service to the business operations of the Company.
- The Company is not entitled to purchase and invest in real estate for use as its head office, branches and transaction offices in direct service to the business operations on the principles of residual value of fixed assets and real estate shall exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total asset value of the Company.
- The Company is not entitled to use more than seventy percent (70%) of the equity to buy corporate bonds or contribute capital to own other organizations in which it is not entitled to use more than 20% equity to invest in unlisted companies.
- The Company may not directly or entrust the implementation to other organizations and individuals:
 - ✓ Investing in stocks or contributed capital of the company owning more than fifty percent (50%) of the Company's charter capital, except for odd-lot stock at the client's request;
 - ✓ Together with persons concerned to invest from five percent (5%) or more of another securities company's charter capital;
 - ✓ Investing more than twenty percent (20%) of the total number of stocks and treasury certificates in circulation of a listed company;

- ✓ Investing more than fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of stocks and treasury certificates in circulation of a unlisted company, not applicable to member fund certificates:
- ✓ Investing or contributing capital more than ten percent (10%) of the total contributed capital of a limited liability company or business project;
- ✓ Investing or contributing capital more than fifteen percent (15%) of equity in an organization or business project.
- The Company has been established and has acquired fund management company as its subsidiary company. In this case, the Company must not comply with the following provisions:
 - ✓ Investing more than twenty percent (20%) of the total number of stocks and treasury certificates in circulation of a listed company;
 - ✓ Investing more than fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of stocks and treasury certificates in circulation of a unlisted company, not applicable to member fund certificates:
 - ✓ Investing or contributing capital more than ten percent (10%) of the total contributed capital of a limited liability company or business project.

Additionally, the Company expected to establish and buy back fund management company as its subsidiary company must meet the following conditions:

- The equity, after capital contribution for establishment and acquisition of fund management company, must be at least equal to the legal capital for the business operations the Company are performing;
- ✓ The ratio of disposable funds after capital contribution for the establishment or acquisition of fund management company must reach at least one hundred eighty percent (180%);
- ✓ The Company after capital contribution for the establishment or acquisition of fund management company must ensure compliance with following provisions:
 - + Ratio of total debt to equity of the Company shall not exceed 3 times. Value of total debt shall not include customers' deposit for securities transaction, bonus and welfare funds, provision for severance allowances, provision for compensation to investors.
 - + The Company's short-term debt is equal to current assets maximally.

• Structure: Subsidiaries

Subsidiary	Address	Principal business activities	Capital contribution rate	Benefit rate	Voting rate
Thanh Cong Asset Management Company Limited (TCAM)	No. 550 Au Co Street, Ward 10, Tan Binh District, Ho Chi Minh City	Managing securities investment fund, portfolio, consultancy on investment securities investment securities	i	100%	100%
Thanhcong Investment Fund (TCIF)	No. 550 Au Co Street, Ward 10, Tan Binh District, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing in securities or other investment assets, including real estate		98%	98%

The Company has no associates and affiliates.

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5. Headcount

As at the balance sheet date, the Company's headcount is 56 (headcount at the beginning of the year: 84).

II. FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

1. Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Company is from 01 January to 31 December annually.

2. Accounting currency unit

The accounting currency unit is Vietnamese Dong (VND).

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM

1. Accounting System

The Company applies the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System, Circulars providing accounting guidance applicable to securities companies, including Circular No. 210/2014/TT–BTC dated 30 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance, Circular No. 334/2016/TT-BTC dated 27 December 2016 of the Ministry of Finance regarding the amendment, supplement and replacement of Appendixes 02, 04 of Circular No. 210/2014/TT–BTC dated 30 December 2014, Circular No. 23/2018/TT-BTC dated 12 March 2018 of the Ministry of Finance guiding accounting for covered warrants of securities companies being issuers and other regulatory requirements on preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements.

2. Statement of the compliance with the Accounting Standards and System

The Board of Directors ensures to follow all the requirements of the current Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System, Circulars on the accounting guidance applicable to securities companies and other regulatory requirements on preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements.

IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term investments of which the due dates cannot exceed 3 months from the dates of the investments and the convertibility into cash is easy, and which do not have a lot of risks in the conversion into cash as at the balance sheet date.

Cash deposited by customers for securities trading and cash deposited by securities issuers are presented at off-statement of financial position items.

2. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as at the transaction dates. The ending balances of monetary items in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as at the balance sheet date.

Foreign exchange differences arisen from foreign currency transactions during the year shall be included into financial income or financial expenses. Foreign exchange differences due to the revaluation of ending balances of the monetary items in foreign currencies after offsetting their positive differences against negative differences shall be included into financial income or financial expenses.

The exchange rate used to convert foreign currency transactions is the actual exchange rate ruling as at the time of these transactions. The actual exchange rates applied to foreign currency transactions are as follows:

- For receivables: the buying rate ruling as at the time of transaction of the commercial bank where the Company designates the customers to make payments.
- For payables: the selling rate ruling as at the time of transaction of the commercial bank where the Company supposes to make payments.
- For acquisition of assets or immediate payments in foreign currency (not included into payable accounts): the buying rate of the commercial bank where the Company makes payments.

The exchange rates used to re-evaluate the ending balances of monetary items in foreign currencies are determined according to the following principles:

- For foreign currency deposits: the buying rate of the bank where the Company opens its foreign currency account.
- For monetary items in foreign currencies classified as other assets: the buying rate of Eximbank where the Company frequently conducts transactions.
- For monetary items in foreign currencies classified as liabilities: the selling rate of Eximbank where the Company frequently conducts transactions.

3. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets recognized at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets which satisfy either of the following conditions:

- A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:
 - It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
 - There is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-making; or
 - It is a derivative (except derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or effective hedging instrument).
- Upon initial recognition, a financial asset is designated by the entity as fair value through profit and loss as it meets one of the following criteria:
 - The designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the asset or recognizing gains or losses on the different basis; or
 - These assets and liabilities are part of a group of financial assets which are managed and their management performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's risk management or investment strategy.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recorded at cost (purchase costs exclusive of transaction costs arising from purchases of these financial assets) and subsequently recorded at fair value.

The positive difference due to revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL as compared to previous year is recognized into the item "Gains from revaluation of income statements at FVTPL" in the Income Statement. The negative difference due to revaluation of income statements at FVTPL as compared to previous year is recognized into the item "Losses from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL" in the Income Statement.

The purchase costs of financial assets at FVTPL are recognized to transaction costs in the Income Statements when incurred.

4. Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS)

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets classified as available for sale; or not classified as loan and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognized at cost (including the purchase cost and other transaction costs). After initial recognition, these financial assets are recorded at fair value in the Company's Statement of Financial Position; unless financial assets are equity instruments without listed price in the market and investments with value cannot be measured reliably, they are kept being recognized at cost.

Held-to-maturity investments (HTM) 5.

Held-to-maturity financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments, fixed maturity that the Company has positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, excluding:

- Financial assets classified as FVTPL financial assets at initial recognition;
- Financial assets classified as AFS financial assets;
- Financial assets qualifying conditions to be classified as loans and receivables.

HTM financial assets are initially recorded at cost (inclusive of purchase cost plus (+) transaction costs arising directly from purchases of these assets, such as brokerage fee, trading fee, issuance agent fee and bank charges). After initial recognition, HTM financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.



Amortized cost of HTM is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest rate method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction (directly or through the use of an allowance account) for impairment or irrecoverability.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the allocated cost on interest income or interest expense in the period of a financial asset or a group of HTM investments.

Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipt through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

HTM investments are subject to an assessment of impairment at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. Provision is made for an HTM investment when there is any objective evidence that the investment is unrecoverable or there is uncertainty of recoverability, resulting from one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the investment and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investment that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include a drop in the market value/fair value (if any) of the investment, indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficultly, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults. When there is any evidence of impairment, provision for an HTM investment is determined as the negative difference between its fair value and amortized cost at the assessment date. Any increase/decrease in the balance of provision is recognized in the Income Statement under "Provision expense for diminution in value and impairment of financial assets and doubtful receivables, and borrowing costs of loans".

6. Loans

Loans are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or identifiable payments in compliance with current legal regulations applicable to securities businesses. Loans are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition, loans are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

Commitments on loans include:

- Margin Trading Contract;
- Securities Sale Advance Contract.

Loans are assessed for impairment as at the balance sheet date. Provisions for loans are made on the basis of estimated loss arising, which is the difference between market value of collateralized securities and the balances of these loans. Any increase/decrease in the balance of provision is recognized in the income statement under "Provision expense for diminution in value and impairment of financial assets and doubtful receivables, and borrowing costs of loans".

7. Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets (or part of a group of similar financial assets) shall be derecognized if:

- The rights to receive cash flows from financial assets have expired; or,
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from financial assets or has assumed an obligation the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party through passthrough arrangement; and:
 - The Company has transferred transfers most of risks and benefits incident to assets, or
 - The Company has neither transferred nor retained most of risks and benefits incident to assets but the control of assets has been transferred.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

8. Reclassification of financial assets

The Company is required to reclassify financial assets to their applicable categories if their purpose or ability to hold have changed, consequently:

- Non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL that are not required to be classified as FVTPL at initial
 recognition may be reclassified as loans and receivables in limited circumstances or cash and
 cash equivalents if meeting certain criteria for reclassification. Gains and losses from revaluation
 of financial assets at FVTPL arising before the reclassification are not reversed.
- If the change in intention/ ability to hold a financial asset results in it being inappropriately reclassified as a HTM asset, that asset must be reclassified into AFS group and re-measured at fair value. Difference between its carrying value and its fair value is recognized in the Income Statement Changes in fair value of reclassified assets.

9. Market value/fair value of financial assets

Financial asset impairment is assessed as at the date of Statement of Financial Position.

Provisions are made for the devaluation of transferable financial assets on the market at the balance sheet date corresponding to the difference between the carrying value and the actual market value as at the latest transaction date but no longer than one month up to the date of provisions made under C

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the guidance of Circular No. 114/2021/TT-BTC dated 17 December 2021 of the Ministry of Finance. Any increase/decrease in the balance of provision is recognized in the income statement under "Provision expense for diminution in value and impairment of financial assets and doubtful receivables, and borrowing costs of loans".

Market value/fair value of securities is determined on the following basis:

- For securities listed on Hanoi Stock Exchange and Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange, their market prices are their closing prices on the trading day preceding the date of revaluation.
- For unlisted securities but registered for trading on UPCom, their market prices are the average closing price on the trading day preceding the date of revaluation.
- For delisted securities or suspended trading securities from the sixth day afterward, their prices are the carrying value as at the latest balance sheet date.
- The market price for unlisted securities and securities unregistered for trading used as a basis for setting up the provision is the average of actual trading prices quoted by three (03) securities companies conducting transactions within one month preceding to the date of revaluation.
- For securities which do not have reference prices from the above sources, the impairment is determined based on the financial performance and carrying value of securities issuers as at 30 September 2025.

10. Receivables

Receivables are recognized at the carrying amounts less allowances for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables as trade receivables and other receivables is made according the following principles:

- Trade receivables reflect receivables concerning the commercial nature arising from purchase and sale transactions between the Company and customers who are independent to the Company.
- Other receivables reflect receivables not concerning the commercial nature and irrelevant to purchase and sale transactions between the Company and customers who are independent to the Company.

Allowance is made for each doubtful debt on the basis of the ages of debts after offsetting against liabilities (if any) or estimated loss according to Article 6, Circular No. 48/2019/TT-BTC dated 08 August 2019 as follows:

- As for overdue debts:
 - 30% of the value of debts overdue between 6 months and less than 1 year.
 - 50% of the value of debts overdue between 1 year and less than 2 years.
 - 70% of the value of debts overdue between 2 years and less than 3 years.
 - 100% of the value of debts overdue more than 3 years.
- As for doubtful debts: Allowance is made on the basis of the estimated loss.

Increases/(decreases) in the obligatory allowance for doubtful debts as at the balance sheet date are recorded into item "General and administration expenses" on the Income Statement.

11. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses comprise actual expenses arising and relevant to financial performance in several fiscal years. Prepaid expenses of the Company mainly include expenses of tools, office rental, office repairing and renovating expenses, telecommunications and line charges.

Expenses of tools

Expenses of tools being put into use are allocated into expenses in accordance with the straight-line method for the maximum period of 3 years.

Office rental, office repairing and renovating expenses, telecommunications and line charges

These expenses are allocated into expenses in accordance with straight-line method based on the valid term of contract for the maximum period of 3 years.

12. Operating leased assets

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incident to ownership belonging to the lessor. The lease expenses are allocated in the Company's operation costs in accordance with the straight-line method over the lease term and do not depend on the method of lease payment.

13. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are determined by their historical costs less accumulated depreciation. Historical costs of tangible fixed assets include all the expenses paid by the Company to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenses arising subsequent to initial recognition are included into historical costs of fixed assets only if it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of these assets. Those which do not meet the above conditions will be recorded into operation costs during the year.

When a tangible fixed asset is sold or disposed, its historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, then any gain or loss arising from such disposal is included in the income or the expenses during the year.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated in accordance with the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The depreciation years applied are as follows:

Fixed assets	Years
Machinery and equipment	05 - 08
Vehicles	10
Office equipment	06 - 08

14. Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are determined by their initial costs less accumulated amortization.

Initial costs of intangible fixed assets include all the costs paid by the Company to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other costs relevant to intangible fixed assets arising subsequent to initial recognition are included into operation costs during the year only if these costs are associated with a specific intangible fixed asset and result in future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of these assets.

When an intangible fixed asset is sold or disposed, its initial costs and accumulated amortization are written off, then any gain or loss arising from such disposal is included in the income or the expenses during the year.

The Company's intangible fixed assets mainly include computer software. Costs of computer software include all the expenses paid by the Company until the date the software is put into use. Computer software is amortized in accordance with the straight-line method from 3 to 8 years.

15. Payables and accrued expenses

Payables and accrued expenses are recorded for the amounts payable in the future associated with the goods and services received. Accrued expenses are recorded based on reasonable estimates for the amounts payable.

The classification of payables as trade payables, accrued expenses and other payables is made on the basis of following principles:

- Trade payables reflect payables of commercial nature arising from the purchase of goods, services, or assets, of which the seller is an independent entity with the Company.
- Accrued expenses reflect expenses for goods, services received from suppliers or supplied to
 customers but have not been paid, invoiced or lack of accounting records and supporting
 documents; pay on leave payable to employees; and accrual of operation expenses.
- Other payables reflect payables of non-commercial nature and irrelevant to purchase, sales of goods or provisions of services.

The payables and accrued expenses are classified as short-term and long-term items in the Statement of Financial Position on the basis of their remaining term as at the balance sheet date.

16. Owner's equity

Capital

Capital is recorded into charter capital according to historical costs.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings include realized and unrealized profits.

Unrealized profit of the year is total difference between gain or loss arising from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL or other financial assets charged into the Income Statement.

Realized profit during the year is the net difference between total revenue, income and total expenses in the Income Statement of the Company, except for gain or loss arising from revaluation of financial assets recognized in unrealized profit.

Reserves

From 01 February 2022, the Circular No. 146/2014/TT-BTC dated 06 October 2014 expired and is replaced by the Circular No. 114/2021/TT-BTC dated 17 December 2021.

Profit distribution

Profit after tax is distributed to the shareholders after appropriation for funds under the Charter of the Company as well as Vietnamese legal regulations.

The distribution of profits to the shareholders is made with consideration toward non-cash items in the retained earnings that may affect cash flows and payment of profit such as profit due to revaluation of assets contributed as investment capital, profit due to revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments and other non-cash items.

17. Recognition of sales and income

Sales shall be recognized when the Company's ability for receiving economic benefits can be measured reliably. Sales shall be measured at the fair value of the amounts received or shall probably receive after deducting trade discounts, sales allowances and sales returns. Sales and income shall be recognized when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

Sales from securities brokerage service

When the contract outcome can be measured reliably, sales shall be recognized by reference to the stage of completion. In case the outcome of the contracts cannot be estimated reliably, sale is recognized only to extent of the expenses recognized which are recoverable.

Income from securities trading

Income from securities trading is determined by the difference between the selling price and average costs of securities.

Interest income

Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividends

Income is recognized when the Company's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established, except for dividend received in shares which only the number of shares is updated.

Revenue from other services

Where the contract outcome can be measured reliably, revenue is recognized by reference to the stage of completion.

Where the outcome of the contracts cannot be reliably measured, is recognized only to extent of the expenses recognized which are recoverable.

Other income

Other income includes income from irregular activities other than income-generated activities, i.e. proceeds from liquidation and disposal of fixed assets; fines paid by customers for their contract violations; collected insurance compensation; collected debt which had been written off and included into the previous period's expenses; payables which are now recorded as income increase as the owners no longer exist; collected tax amounts which now are reduced and refunded; other receivables recorded as other income as regulated at Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 14 – Revenue and other income.

18. Calculation method of costs of securities trading

The Company applies mobile average method to calculate costs of equity securities sold.

19. Expenses

Expenses are those that result in outflows of the economic benefits and are recorded at the time of transactions or when incurrence of the transaction is reliable regardless of whether payment for expenses is made or not.

Expenses and their corresponding revenues are simultaneously recognized in accordance with matching principle. In the event that matching principle conflicts with prudence principle, expenses are recognized based on the nature and regulations of accounting standards in order to guarantee that transactions can be fairly and truly reflected.

20. Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax includes current income tax and deferred income tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax is the tax amount computed based on the taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to the adjustments of temporary differences between tax and accounting figures, non-deductible expenses as well as those of non-taxable income and losses brought forward.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is the amount of corporate income tax payable or refundable due to temporary differences between book values of assets and liabilities serving the preparation of the Financial Statements and the values for tax purposes. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all the temporary taxable differences. Deferred income tax assets are recorded only when there is an assurance on the availability of taxable income in the future against which the temporarily deductible differences can be used.

Carrying values of deferred corporate income tax assets are considered as at the balance sheet date and will be reduced to the rate that ensures enough taxable income against which the benefits from part of or all of the deferred income tax can be used. Deferred corporate income tax assets, which have not been recorded before, are considered as at the balance sheet date and are recorded when there is certainly enough taxable income to use these unrecognized deferred corporate income tax assets.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are determined at the estimated rate to be applied in the year when the assets are recovered or the liabilities are settled based on the effective tax rates as at the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax is recognized in the Income Statement. In the case that deferred income tax is related to the items of the owner's equity, corporate income tax will be included in the owner's equity.

The Company shall offset deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if:

- The Company has the legal right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities; and
- Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are relevant to corporate income tax which is under the management of one tax authority either:
 - Of the same subject to corporate income tax; or
 - The Company has intention to pay current income tax liabilities and current income tax assets on a net basis or recover tax assets and settle tax liability simultaneously in each future period to the extent that the majority of deferred income tax liabilities or deferred income tax assets are paid or recovered.

21. Related parties

A party is considered a related party of the Company in case that party is able to control the Company or to cause material effects on the financial decisions as well as the operations of the Company. A party is also considered a related party of the Company in case that party is under the same control or is subject to the same material effects.

Considering the relationship of related parties, the nature of relationship is focused more than its legal form.

22. Nil balances

Items or balances required by Circulars No. 210/2014/TT-BTC dated 30 December 2014, No. 334/2016/TT-BTC dated 27 December 2016 and No. 146/2014/TT-BTC dated 06 October 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance that are not shown in these Financial Statements indicate nil balance.

V. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Company. The Company has a system of control in place to achieve an acceptable balance between the cost of risks occurring and the cost of managing the risks. The Board of Directors continually monitors the Company's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved.

The Company is exposed to the following financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Board of Directors is responsible for setting policies and controls to minimize financial risks as well as to monitor the implementation of such policies and controls.

1. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one contractual party will cause a financial loss for the Company by its failure to pay for its obligations.

Credit risk of the Company mainly arises from its cash in bank, financial assets, receivables and other assets.

Cash in bank

The Company's deposits are primarily in the well-known banks in Vietnam. Credit risk to bank deposits is managed by the Company's risk management department. Maximum credit risk to items in the Statement of Financial Position is their carrying values. The Company realizes the credit risk level arising from cash in bank is low.

Financial assets

The Company controls credit risk involving investments into financial assets by its control policies, processes and procedures. The Company only invests in shares, bonds and fund certificates of entities whose financial position is good, stable and they own major brands in Vietnam. The Company recognizes that credit risk to financial assets is low.

Receivables

The Company's receivables include receivables from disposal of financial assets; receivables and accruals from dividends and interest on financial assets; loans given and other receivables.

The Company controls credit risk involving receivables for loans by its control policies, processes and procedures associated to margin loans and securities sale advance to customers. The Company only accepts margin loans for securities permitted for margin trading under the Margin Lending

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Regulation. Credit limit is controlled on the basis of collateral value and trust in customer's transactions.

The Company controls credit risk involving other receivables by its relevant control policies, processes and procedures. Credit quality of customers is measured on the basis of the Board of Directors' assessment.

The Company regularly monitors unrecovered receivables. For major customers, the Company regularly reviews for credit quality devaluation. The Company seeks to maintain strict control over outstanding receivables to minimize credit risk. On this basis and that the receivables are related to many different subjects, credit risk is not focused on any significant subject.

Apart from receivables for doubtful debts of which the allowances have been made as presented in Note No. VI.4, all of financial assets of the Company are not overdue and devaluated.

2. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company's liquidity risks mainly arise from the differences in maturity dates of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The Company controls liquidity risk by regularly following up the current payment requests as well as estimated payment requests in the futures to maintain an appropriate amount of cash as well as loans, supervising the cash flows actually arisen in comparison with estimation to minimize the effects of the changes in cash flows to the Company.

The term of payments to financial liabilities based on contract payment term is 1 year or less.

The Board of Directors believes that the risk level associated with payments to financial liabilities is low. The Company has sufficient capacity to settle all financial obligations when they are due from its operating cash flows and from the amounts receivable from mature financial assets.

3. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows in the future of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices.

Market risks exposed to the operations of the Company include foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and securities price risk.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The Board of Directors believes that the effects due to fluctuations in exchange rates on profit before tax and owner's equity of the Company are unremarkable.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's interest rate risk substantially relates

to cash and short-term deposits. These investments are mainly short-term in nature and they are not held by the Company for speculative purposes.

The Company controls the interest rate risk by analyzing the competitive structure of the market to obtain relevant interest policies, which are favorable for its purposes within its risk management limits.

Sensitivity analysis is not performed for the interest rate risk since bank deposits are primarily at fixed rate.

Securities price risk

The securities held by the Company may be affected by the risks in values in the future of these shares. The Company manages the risks in prices of securities by setting an investment limits and diversifying its investment portfolio.

The Board of Directors believes that the effects due to fluctuations in share prices on profit before tax and owner's equity of the Company are unremarkable.

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ITEMS OF STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Cash	-	5.291.516
Bank deposits for the Company's operation	61.423.361.073	8.631.265.699
Cash equivalents (*)	310.000.000.000	178.000.000.000
Total	371.423.361.073	186.636.557.215

^(*) Cash equivalents represent short-term bank deposits with maturities of less than three months.

2. VALUE AND VOLUME OF SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS DURING THE PERIOD

Items	Volume of transactions during the 3 rd quarter of 2025	Value of transactions during the 3 rd quarter of 2025
a) The Company	50.450.260	3.165.131.383.097
- Stock & fund certificates	27.180.260	729.005.803.097
- Bonds	23.270.000	2.436.125.580.000
b) Investors	473.041.389	10.475.453.171.470
- Stock & fund certificates	464.768.888	10.428.423.179.210
- Bonds	310.000	31.687.530.000
- Other stock	7.962.501	15.342.462.260
Total	523.491.649	13.640.584.554.567

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS

3.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): (Unit: VND)

T4	Ending balance		Beginning balance		
Items	Original costs	Fair values	Original costs	Fair values	
Listed bonds	50.012.210.000	50.012.210.000	-	-	
TD1530290	50.012.210.000	50.012.210.000	=	_	
Unlisted shares	10.700.000	=	10.700.000	=	
TRI	10.700.000		10.700.000	-	
Total	50.022.910.000	50.012.210.000	10.700.000		

3.2 Held-to-maturity investments (HTM): (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Fixed term deposits over 3 months to 1 year	991.600.000.000	444.996.110.553
Total	991.600.000.000	444.996.110.553

3.3 Loans: (Unit: VND)

Termin	Ending balance		Beginning balance		
Items	Original costs	Fair values	Original costs	Fair values	
Principal of margin loans Principal of securities	766.470.529.057	766.470.529.057	598.938.859.874	598.938.859.874	
sale advance	109.632.651.144	109.632.651.144	108.505.490.528	108.505.490.528	
Total	876.103.180.201	876.103.180.201	707.444.350.402	707.444.350.402	

3.4 Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS): (Unit: VND)

T4	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
Items	Original costs	Fair values	Original costs	Fair values
Listed shares	660.801.070.777	540.721.889.400	521.129.107.227	373.375.432.000
BBT	23.718.520.000	12.699.680.000	23.718.520.000	12.512.920.000
HTP	170.599.926.660	17.024.846.400	170.599.926.660	19.862.320.800
HPG	90.371.051.497	111.455.421.000		=
CTG	84.458.313.444	95.758.000.000	₩7	~
Other shares	291.653.259.176	303.783.942.000	326.810.660.567	341.000.191.200
Unlisted Shares	47.000.000.000	59.481.038.000	47.000.000.000	47.493.876.000
TCGF	47.000.000.000	59.481.038.000	47.000.000.000	47.493.876.000
Total	707.801.070.777	600.202.927.400	568.129.107.227	420.869.308.000



3.5 Fluctuations in investments by group due to revaluation at ending market value: (Unit: VND)

				Ending balance		
No.	Financial assets			Difference due	to revaluation	
110.	Financial assets	Purchasing price	Market value or ending value	Increase	Decrease	Revaluated value
	Financial assets at fair value	3				
Ι	through profit or loss FVTPL	50.022.910.000	50.012.210.000		10.700.000	50.012.210.000
1	Listed bonds	50.012.210.000	50.012.210.000		-8	50.012.210.000
2	Unlisted shares	10.700.000		-	10.700.000	.50
	Available-for-sale financial					
п	assets AFS	707.801.070.777	600.202.927.400	12.481.038.000	120.079.181.377	600.202.927.400
1	Listed shares	660.801.070.777	540.721.889.400	:=	120.079.181.377	540.721.889.400
2	Unlisted shares	47.000.000.000	59.481.038.000	12.481.038.000		59.481.038.000
	Total	757.823.980.777	650.215.137.400	12.481.038.000	120.089.881.377	650.215.137.400

]	Beginning balance		
No.	Financial assets			Difference due to	revaluation	
140.	rmanciai assets	Purchasing price	Market value or ending value	Increase	Decrease	Revaluated value
	Financial assets at fair value					
Ι	through profit or loss FVTPL	10.700.000	-	•	10.700.000	-
1	Listed shares		-	-). -	
2	Unlisted shares	10.700.000	≅ 8	-	10.700.000	×
	Available-for-sale financial					
$\mathbf{\Pi}$	assets AFS	568.129.107.227	420.869.308.000	493.876.000	147.753.675.227	420.869.308.000
1	Listed shares	521.129.107.227	373.375.432.000		147.753.675.227	373.375.432.000
2	Unlisted shares	47.000.000.000	47.493.876.000	493.876.000		47.493.876.000
	Total	568.139.807.227	420.869.308.000	493.876.000	147.764.375.227	420.869.308.000

4. RECEIVABLES: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Receivables and accruals from dividends and		
interest on investments	24.864.057.564	13.167.466.557
Receivables from disposal of financial assets	12.218.000.000	
Receivables for dividends - common shares	900.900.000	2.262.300.000
Receivables from interests on margin activities	8.046.654.827	7.312.186.737
Accruals for deposit interests	3.698.502.737	3.592.979.820
Receivables from services provided by the		
Company	534.893.063	409.476.736
Receivables for securities brokerage commission	361.264.424	168.387.113
Receivables for personal income tax on securities		
transfer of investors	173.628.639	174.089.623
Receivables from consultancy services and securities		
agency	(*	22.000.000
Other service receivables	18	45.000.000
Prepayments to suppliers	1.871.709.623	154.000.000
Prepayments to other suppliers	1.871.709.623	154.000.000
Total	27.270.660.250	13.730.943.293

5. OTHER RECEIVABLES: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Provision	Beginning balance	Provision
Receivables from Mr. Doan Quang Sang ⁽ⁱ⁾	1.758.671.133	(1.758.671.133)	1.758.671.133	(1.758.671.133)
Receivables for investment (ii)	2.567.037.963	=	60.499.020.209	=
Other receivables	81.342.520	(72.684.150)	72.184.150	(72.684.150)
Total	4.407.051.616	(1.831.355.283)	62.329.875.492	(1.831.355.283)

(i) This is the receivables from Mr. Doan Quang Sang - a Company's shareholder, equivalent to the value of 400.000 shares in association to the lawsuit between the Company and Mr. Nguyen Thanh Chung.

Mr. Doan Quang Sang provided authorization related to all rights and obligations associated to 200.000 shares (equivalent to VND 2.000.000.000) which were currently under his name to the Company's legal representative.

On 04 August 2021, the People's Court of Ho Chi Minh City released the Judgment No. 1145/2020/KDTM-ST accepting of all claims of the Company, forcing Mr. Doan Quang Sang to pay the amount of VND 6.469.120.000, including the principal of VND 4.000.000.000 and remainders of VND 2.469.120.000. On 17 February 2021, Ho Chi Minh City Civil Judgment Enforcement Department also released Decision No. 1586/QĐ-CTHADS for judgment enforcement.

On 19 July 2024, the People's Court of Ho Chi Minh City released the Judgment No. 15100/TB-THADS regarding the handling of funds from the sale of shares to secure the judgment enforcement, the company has received the enforcement payment of VND 2.241.328.867. As to 30 September 2025, the Company has provision for receivables from Mr. Doan Quang Sang in the amount of VND 1.758.671.133.

(ii) This is the investment entrustment to Thanh Cong Asset Management Company Limited under the Investment Entrustment Contract No. 01/2023/HDUT/TC02PS2S-TCAM dated 25 September 2023. Accordingly, Thanh Cong Asset Management Company Limited shall take the role as the lead to contact customers, represent the asset owners for the investment portfolio.

6. PREPAID EXPENSES: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term prepaid expenses	2.832.083.625	4.560.443.962
Tools	11.423.160	5.670.000
Office rental	1.128.240.000	2.326.500.000
Telecommunications and line charges	1.243.490.538	1.340.033.672
Other short-term prepaid expenses	448.929.927	888.240.290
Long-term prepaid expenses	761.959.182	1.898.217.858
Tools, office stationery	264.911.958	506.630.734
Office repairing and renovating expenses Telecommunications and line charges, maintenance	460.555.750	1.369.552.606
expenses	18.024.674	22.034.518
Other long-term prepaid expenses	18.466.800	
Total	3.594.042.807	6.458.661.820

7. LONG - TERM INVESTMENTS

7.1 Other long-term investments: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Seoul Metal Vietnam Joint Stock Company	27.211.800.000	27.211.800.000
TQ Landspace Joint Stock Company	10.060.000.000	10.060.000.000
Iris Land Joint Stock Company	4.406.250.000	4.406.250.000
Total	41.678.050.000	41.678.050.000

7.2 Investments in subsidiaries: (Unit: VND)

	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	Original amount	Provision	Original amount	Provision
Thanh Cong Asset				
Management Company				
Limited	200.000.000.000	(9.600.398.236)	200.000.000.000	(46.393.479.728)
Thanhcong Investment				
Fund	49.000.000.000		49.000.000.000	
Total	249.000.000.000	(9.600.398.236)	249.000.000.000	(46.393.479.728)

8. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS: (Unit: VND)

8.1 Deposits to the settlement assistance fund: (Unit: VND)

Deposits to the Settlement Assistance Fund reflect the deposits at Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation.

According to Decision No. 105/QĐ-VSD dated 20 August 2021 in replacement for Decision No. 27/QĐ-VSD dated 13 March 2015 on the promulgation of the Regulation on management and utilization of the Settlement Assistance Fund of the General Director of VSD, the Company is required to deposit an initial amount of VND 120.000.000 at VSD and an additional periodical contribution of 0,01% of total value of brokered securities in the previous period, but not exceeding VND 2.500.000.000/year.

Fluctuations in deposits to the Settlement Assistance Fund are as follows:

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Beginning payments	120.000.000	120.000.000
Additional payments	10.094.484.043	8.400.417.326
Periodically allocated interests	1.852.512.876	1.272.771.316
Total	12.066.996.919	9.793.188.642

8.2 Other non-current assets: (Unit: VND)

Other non-current assets reflect the contribution to the Derivatives Clearing Fund. According to the regulations on the management and use of the Derivatives Clearing Fund issued together with Decision No. 97/QD-VSD dated 23 March 2017, by the Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation, the minimum initial contribution is VND 10.000.000.000 for direct clearing members.

Fluctuations in deposits to the Derivatives Clearing Fund are as follows:

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Beginning payments	10.000.000.000	10.000.000.000
Periodically allocated interests	16.941.349	1.923.443
Total	10.016.941.349	10.001.923.443

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS: (Unit: VND)

Items	Machinery and equipment	Transport vehicles	Office equipment	Total_
Historical costs				
As at 01 January 2025	20.831.735.490	9	753.246.027	21.584.981.517
New acquisition	3.050.340.000	8 .	-	3.050.340.000
Decrease due to asset liquidation			<u>=</u>	-
As at 30 September 2025	23.882.075.490	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	753.246.027	24.635.321.517
Depreciation	(16.257.497.599)		(399.151.256)	(16.656.648.855)
As at 01 January 2025 Depreciation during the period	(1.649.975.089)	_	(67.147.155)	(1.717.122.244)
Decrease due to liquidation As at 30 September 2025	(17.907.472.688)		(466.298.411)	(18.373.771.099)
Net book values As at 01 January 2025	4.574.237.891	_	354.094.771	4.928.332.662
As at 30 September 2025	5.974.602.802		286.947.616	6.261.550.418

The total original cost of tangible fixed assets remaining, including assets that have been fully depreciated but still in use VND 8.848.524.490 (As at 31 December 2024: VND 7.792.128.490).

10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS: (Unit: VND)

Items	Computer software	Other Intangible fixed assets	Total
Historical costs		-	
As at 01 January 2025	36.429.424.894	585.300.000	37.014.724.894
New acquisition	7.759.600.000	-	7.759.600.000
As at 30 September 2025	44.189.024.894	585.300.000	44.774.324.894
Amortization As at 01 January 2025 Depreciation during the period As at 30 September 2025	(27.907.127.980) (2.839.613.572) (30.746.741.552)	(493.991.129) (69.795.000) (563.786.129)	(28.401.119.109) (2.909.408.572) (31.310.527.681)
Net book values As at 01 January 2025 As at 30 September 2025	8.522.296.914 13.442.283.342	91.308.871 21.513.871	8.613.605.785 13.463.797.213

The total original cost of intangible fixed assets, including assets that have been fully depreciated but still in use VND 18.589.958.894 (As at 31 December 2024: VND 17.863.598.894).

11. SHORT – TERM BORROWINGS: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance *
Bank loans, financial institutions	1.431.500.000.000	491.500.000.000
Total	1.431.500.000.000	491.500.000.000
Total	1.431.300.000.000	491.300.00

12. SHORT – TERM ISSUED BONDS

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Face value of short – term issued bonds	400.000.000.000	400.000.000.000
Allocated issuance costs		(440.249.999)
Total	400.000.000.000	399.559.750.001

Bonds issued on 04 October 2024

-	Resolution issued	: Resolution	No.	30/2024/NQ-HĐQT	dated 30	September
		2024				

- Bond code : TCIH2425001

- Issuing date : 04 October 2024

- Original term : 1 year

- Interest payment term : Bond interest is paid for each interest calculation period of every 3 months, starting from the issuance date to the

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maturity date and then later, periodically on the interest payment date.

Number of bonds issued

: 4.000 bonds

Face value

: VND 100.000.000

Total amount raised from bond: VND 400.000.000.000 issuance (at face value)

Interest rate

: The principal of the Bonds will bear interest at a fixed interest

rate of 10,5%/year.

Collateral

: 63.351.059 stocks of Thanh Cong Securities Company with

code of TCI.

1.914.800 stocks of Bach Tuyet Cotton Corporation with

code of BBT.

2.366.977 stocks of Ho Chi Minh City Medical Import

Export Joint Stock Company with code of YTC.

The amount and value of collateral may increase/decrease depending on the agreement of the relevant parties shown in the Bond Documents and/or the actual arising.

Legality of collateral

: The collateral have been deposited at the Guarantor's securities account opened at Ho Chi Minh City Securities

Corporation.

collateral

Price per TCI share used as: According to the Valuation Certificate No. 252/2024/799 Hanoi, 252/2024/798 Hanoi, 252/2024/797 Hanoi dated 17

September 2024, issued by Appraisal Advisory Intelligence

Services Company Limited.

Initial collateral value

: The details of the number of stocks used as initial collateral are based on incurred actuality and related agreements. The

value of collateral fluctuates according to the market price of

the stocks.

Revaluation timeline

: As specified in the relevant bond conditions and documents.

Guarantee obligations

: This collateral will be used to secure the obligations relevant

to the Bonds issued under the issuance plan.

Registration of method

guarantee: The registration of guarantee method for collateral is made in accordance with the requirements and regulations of the laws

and agreements in relevant securities documents.

The company has fully registered the guarantee method for

all the stocks.

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Payment priorities bondholders upon disposals of collateral for making payments at ownership rate

- to: + Firstly, fulfilling payment obligations for all bond principals
 - Secondly, fulfilling payment obligations for unpaid bond interests
 - Thirdly, fulfilling payment obligations for all incurred and unpaid fines for bonds
 - Fourthly, fulfilling all other secured obligations but unpaid at that time.

TrongThe Company/Guarantor might withdraw, supplement or replace this collateral and/or other collateral and the withdrawal, supplementation, replacement of such collateral shall be made in accordance with the bond terms and conditions specified in the relevant bond documents.

Purpose of fund use

Pursuant to the bond issuance plan approved in the Resolution dated 30 September 2024 of the Board of Management on approval of bond issuance plan in 2024: debt restructuring

Redemption of bonds

The Company has no plans to prematurely redeem bonds. The Company may be forced to prematurely redeem bonds under other bond terms and conditions specified in the relevant bond documents.

issuance

Use of funds raised from bond : The Company used the entire capital from bond issuance to make repayments for loans with the disbursed amount of VND 400.000.000.000. Details are as follows:

- Vietnam Russia Joint Venture Bank Ho Chi Minh City Branch: VND 100.000.000.000,
- Vietnam Russia Joint Venture Bank Ho Chi Minh City Branch: VND 100.000.000.000,
- Vietcombank Ho Chi Minh City Branch: VND 83.000.000.000,
- Vietcombank Ho Chi Minh City Branch: VND 32.000.000.000,
- Vietinbank Branch 1 Ho Chi Minh City: VND 85.000.000.000.

Disbursement schedule: 4th Quarter of 2024.

On October 6, 2025, the Company fully settled the TCIH2425001 bond, consisting of 4.000 bonds with a total value of VND 400.000.000.000 (four hundred billion dong).

13. SHORT – TERM PAYABLES

13.1 Payables for securities trading activities: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Transaction fees payable to the Stock Exchange	829.327.085	458.568.100
Payable for VSD services (Depository fees, right to		
purchase)	154.969.863	144.508.318
Total	984.296.948	603.076.418

13.2 Trade payables: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Payable to purchase financial assets	52.542.210.000	36.040.585.000
Short-term trade payables	23.456.573.767	81.727.239
Total	75.998.783.767	36.122.312.239

13.3 Short-term accrued expenses: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
External services rendered	16.800.000	96.000.000
Loan interest expenses	12.084.389.960	12.690.507.419
Other administration expenses	1.098.641.153	2.089.909.497
Total	13.199.831.113	14.876.416.916

14. TAXES AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS TO THE STATE BUDGET: (Unit: VND)

Items	Beginning balance	Amount payable during the year	Amount paid/deducted during the year	Ending balance
Corporate income tax	8.047.784.185	21.221.459.685	(8.110.441.897)	21.158.801.973
Personal income tax	1.419.795.370	17.540.209.171	(16.303.844.006)	2.656.160.535
VAT on local sales	96.682	116.582.541	(106.232.065)	10.447.158
Foreign contractor tax	51.398.492	514.451.265	(508.451.705)	57.398.052
Other taxes	-	28.996.903	(28.996.903)	21
Total _	9.519.074.729	39.421.699.565	(25.057.966.576)	23.882.807.718

15. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax liabilities are related to unrealized gain/(loss) from revaluation of increase/(decrease) of financial assets. The corporate income tax rate used for determining deferred income tax liabilities is 20%.

16. OWNER'S EQUITY

16.1 Owner's investment capital

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Authorized to issue and has contributed sufficient capital		
Number of shares	115.620.964	115.620.964
Face value (VND/share)	10.000	10.000
Value (VND)	1.156.209.640.000	1.156.209.640.000
Share premiums	(83.350.000)	(83.350.000)

The Company only issues one type of common share that is not entitled to fixed yields. The shareholders holding common shares are entitled to receive dividends upon declaration and are entitled to one vote per share at the shareholders' meetings of the Company. All shares enjoy the same right to inherit the Company's net assets.

List of the Company's shareholders as at the balance sheet date is as follows:

Shareholders	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Saigon 3 Capital Investment Company Limited	633.510.590.000	633,510,590,000
Saigon 3 Jean Company Limited	34,350.000.000	34.350.000.000
Other shareholders	488.349.050.000	488.349.050.000
Total	1.156.209.640.000	1.156.209.640.000
16.2 Retained earnings: (Unit: VND) Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Retained realized profit	242.122.375.947	152.083.887.750
Unrealized profit	7.381.749.980	7.381.749.980
Total	249.504.125.927	159.465.637.730

17. NOTES TO OFF-INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS FOR THE $3^{\rm rd}$ QUARTER OF 2025

17.1 Investors' deposits: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Investors' deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company	81.462.886.649	66,340,180,896
The investor's deposits at VSD	922.730.289	159.067.000
Investors' collective deposits for securities trading activities	183.797.047.600	54.585.643.900
Deposits of securities issuers	1.109.935	1.109.935
Total	265.261.044.184	120.926.934.731

17.2 Payables to the investors: (Unit: VND)

Items	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Payables to local investors relating to their deposits at the securities company for securities trading Payables to overseas investors relating to their deposits at the securities company for securities	80.045.372.995	66.220.704.739
trading	1.417.513.654	119.476.157
Total	81.462.886.649	66.340.180.896

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Gain/(loss) from

18. INCOME

18.1 Gain/(loss) from disposal of financial asset: (Unit: VND)

No	Investment portfolio	Numbers	Value	The weighted average cost to the end of the transaction date	Gain/(loss) from disposal of securities during the 3 rd quarter of 2025	disposal of securities during the 3 rd quarter of 2024
T T	9 78	14.259.860	347.798.880.366	291.042.928.192	56.755.952.174	11.733.192.375
1	Gain			291.042.928.192	56.755.952.174	11.733.192.375
	Listed shares	14.259.860	347.798.880.366			1 to
II	Loss	11.674.400	1.202.458.812.891	1.203.103.902.742	(645.089.851)	(6.014.468.295)
	Listed shares	244.400	9.442.352.891	10.006.992.742	(564.639.851)	(5.959.368.295)
	Listed bonds	11.430.000	1.193.016.460.000	1.193.096.910.000	(80.450.000)	(55.100.000)
	Total	25.934.260	1.550.257.693.257	1.494.146.830.934	56.110.862.323	5.718.724.080

18.2 Gain/(loss) from revaluation of FVTPL financial assets: (Unit: VND)

No.	Financial asset	Carrying purchase value	Fair value	Revaluation difference for this period	Revaluation difference at the beginning of the year	due to adjustment of accounting books during the 3 rd quarter of 2025	Gain	Loss
1	Listed bonds	50.012.210.000	50.012.210.000	-	€	s −	10	-
2	Unlisted shares	10.700.000	Ξ.	(10.700.000)	(10.700.000)			
	Total	50.022.910.000	50.012.210.000	(10.700.000)	(10.700.000)			-



Net difference



18.3 Dividends, interests from disposal of FVTPL financial assets, loans given, HTM, AFS: (Unit: VND)

No.	Items	The 3 rd quarter of 2025	The 3 rd quarter of 2024	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2025	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2024
1	From AFS financial assets	1.353.360.000	1.282.907.200	7.504.270.000	7.274.588.400
2	From HTM financial assets	11.650.556.372	3.860.418.135	35.142.659.106	8.020.280.512
3	From loans given and receivables	23.541.510.359	20.133.798.706	63.803.593.693	64.477.207.395
	Total	36.545.426.731	25.277.124.041	106.450.522.799	79.772.076.307

18.4 Revenue other than income from financial assets: (Unit: VND)

No.	Items	The 3 rd quarter of 2025	The 3 rd quarter of 2024	beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2025	beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2024
1	Brokerage service income	12.963.589.520	8.340.491.509	26.695.492.108	23.754.697.242
2	Income from securities investment consultancy	=	45.000.000	120.000.000	107.019.022
2	Depository service income	160.059.602	178.944.673	622.489.597	633.516.441
3			22.000.000	≟ 0	22.000.000
4	Financial consultancy service income	20.906.927	18.994.441	636.220.802	443.505.224
5	Other income				24.060.727.020
	Total	13.144.556.049	8.605.430.623	28.074.202.507	24.960.737.929

19. OPERATING EXPENSES: (Unit: VND)

Towns of an areting expenses	The 3 rd quarter of 2025	The 3 rd quarter of 2024	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2025	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2024
Type of operating expenses Losses from disposals of FVTPL financial assets	645.089.851	6.014.468.295	1.526.973.534	9.960.309.340
	16.687.269.913	1.326.542.466	18.212.804.964	1.376.843.836
Loan interest expenses	10.007.209.915	(2.241.328.867)		(2.975.638.867)
Provision expenses Self-trading expenses (Transaction fees, Depository fees)	24.704.614.199	5.766.628.533	26.491.148.780	6.292.736.470
Depository service expenses	237.103.343	238.311.562	674.970.754	743.427.698
Brokerage expenses	10.900.505.779	8.679.088.046	27.180.377.687	23.270.970.938
Brokerage securities transaction expenses	3.441.064.539	2.035.540.128	7.096.846.470	5.470.696.948
Staff costs	4.200.008.356	3.770.155.476	10.865.871.086	9.617.192.881
Expenses of tools	17.123.124	10.782.916	51.369.372	84.929.906
Depreciation and amortization	1.505.827.332	1.157.783.974	4.274.969.031	3.377.328.069
External services rendered	1.689.959.008	1.664.785.542	4.775.158.803	4.597.849.814
	46.523.420	40.040.010	116.162.925	122.973.320
Other expenses Total	53.174.583.085	19.783.710.035	74.086.275.719	38.668.649.415
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20. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES: (Unit: VND)

Type of general and administration expenses	The 3 rd quarter of 2025	The 3 rd quarter of 2024	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2025	beginning of the year to the 3 rd quarter of 2024
Staff costs	6.027.527.799	6.391.797.114	18.041.103.832	17.934.865.734
Office stationery	11.270.060	48.060.940	47.858.882	107.627.536
Expenses of tools	88.404.167	170.161.911	329.052.721	561.575.587
Depreciation and amortization	110.999.202	124.958.202	351.561.785	382.116.293
Taxes, fees and legal fees	-	*	3.000.000	3.000.000
External services rendered	969.783.156	1.648.364.759	3.026.286.891	4.364.296.299
Other expenses	2.324.667.135	2.321.638.631	4.465.688.428	5.946.815.536
Total	9.532.651.519	10.704.981.557	26.264.552.539	29.300.296.985

21. CORPORATE INCOME TAX: (Unit: VND)

	As at 30 September 2025	As at 30 September 2024
Total accounting profit before tax	111.259.947.882	55.094.657.661
Adjustments to increases/(decreases) profit	2.038.331.983	(2.061.003.650)
Adjustments to increases	2.204.532.142	218.756.567
Adjustments to decreases	(166.200.159)	(2.279.760.217)
Income subject to tax	113.298.279.865	53.033.654.011
Tax loss carried forward	_	~
Dividends	7.504.270.000	7.274.588.400
Taxable income	105.794.009.865	45.759.065.611
Corporate income tax rate	20%	20%
Corporate income tax payable	21.158.801.973	9.151.813.122
Corporate income tax of the previous years		
Corporate income tax	21.158.801.973	9.151.813.122

The Company has to pay corporate income tax at the rate of 20% on taxable income.

22. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Other related parties	Relationship
SGI Holdings Investment Joint Stock Company	Ultimate holding company
Saigon 3 Capital Investment Company Limited	Parent company
Saigon 3 Jean Company Limited	Group company
Saigon 3 Garment Joint Stock Company	Group company
Saigon Leather Joint Stock Company	Group company
Bach Tuyet Cotton Corporation	Subsidiary of Saigon 3 Capital Investment Company Limited
Ho Chi Minh City Medical Import Export Joint Stock Company	Associate of the Ultimate holding company
Thanh Cong Asset Management Company Limited	Subsidiary
Thanhcong Investment Fund	Subsidiary

During the period, the company had the following major transactions with related parties: (Unit: VND)

		Ending balance Receivables/	Beginning balance Receivables/
Related parties	Transaction details	(Payables)	(Payables)
SGI Holdings Investment	The investor's deposits for securities trading activities		
Joint Stock Company	managed by the Company	(80.756)	(440.441)
Saigon 3 Capital Investment	The investor's deposits for securities trading activities		
Company Limited	managed by the Company	=	(8.259)
Saigon Leather Joint Stock	The investor's deposits for securities trading activities	NAME AND ADDRESS	4.0 (555.0)
Company	managed by the Company	(5.440)	(5.439)

THANHCONG SECURITIES COMPANY 2nd Floor, No. 6 Ho Tung Mau Street, Saigon Ward,

Ho Chi Minh City			B09a-CTCK
Saigon 3 Garment Joint Stock Company	The investor's deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company The investor's deposits for	(348)	(348)
Saigon 3 Jean Company Limited	securities trading activities managed by the Company The investor's deposits for	(9.843.237)	(19.134.755)
Bach Tuyet Cotton Corporation Thanh Cong Asset	securities trading activities managed by the Company The investor's deposits for	(1.237)	(1.237)
Management Company Limited Thanh Cong Asset	securities trading activities managed by the Company	(3.464.545)	(7.949.974)
Management Company Limited	The portfolio management fee	(23.232.010.143)	-

Accumulated from the beginning to the end of the year

		or one your		
		Current year	Previous year	
Related parties	Transaction details	Income/(Expenses)	Income/(Expenses)	
SGI Holdings Investment	Brokerage fee	127 507 247	1.67.259.074	
Joint Stock Company	income	137.507.347	167.358.074	
SGI Holdings Investment Joint Stock Company	Depository service income	1.421.513	_	
Saigon 3 Capital	meome	1.121.313		
Investment Company	Brokerage fee			
Limited	income		130.224.093	
Saigon 3 Capital	= :			
Investment Company	Depository service		4.270.298	
Limited	income External services	-	4.270.298	
Saigon Leather Joint Stock Company	rendered	(1.579.224)	(72.970.511)	
Saigon 3 Jean Company	Depository service	(1.575.221)	(/2////////	
Limited	income	10.263.780	8.658.900	
Bach Tuyet Cotton				
Corporation	Dividend income	466.900.000	· ·	
Thanh Cong Asset	D 1 C			
Management Company	Brokerage fee	446,476,590	184.479.348	
Limited Thanh Cong Asset	income	440.470.390	104.479.340	
Management Company	Depository service			
Limited	income	9.376.985	3.659.508	
Thanh Cong Asset	Provision for long -			
Management Company	term investment		17.00(.000.100	
Limited	expenses	36.793.081.492	17.236.390.429	
Thanhcong Investment	Brokerage fee	30,990.728	16.592.580	
Fund	income	30.990.728	10,372,380	

Transactions and balances with other related parties

Income of the members of the Board of Directors and the General Director:

Accumulated	from	the	beginning	to	the end
	of	the	year		

	Current year	Previous year
Salary, bonus, and benefits	5.381.557.188	6.047.220.293
Board of Director's remuneration	<u> </u>	153.000.000
Total	5.381.557.188	6.200.220.293

23. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BUSINESS ACTIVITIES DURING THE PERIOD AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net profit after corporate income tax (CIT) in 3rd Quarter of 2025 reached VND 53,8 billion, an increase of 229.3% compared to 3rd Quarter of 2024 (a profit of VND 16,3 billion), with the fluctuation mainly due to the following reasons:

- Regarding Income:
 Total Income in 3rd Quarter of 2025 reached VND 106,6 billion, an increase of VND 60,9 billion (equivalent to an increase ò 133%) compared to 3rd Quarter of 2024 (VND 45,8 billion), mainly due to:
 - Gains from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) increased by over VND 45 billion VND (383,7%);
 - Interests from held-to-maturity investments (HTM) increased by VND 7,8 billion (201,8%);
 - Brokerage fee income, Financial income, Interest income from loans and receivables and Interest from available-for-sale financial assets (AFS) increased by 55,4%, 22,1%, 16,9%, and 5,5%.
- Regarding Expenses: Total expenses in 3rd Quarter of 2025 were VND 39,7 billion, an increase of more than VND 14 billion (54,6%) compared to the same period last year, mainly due to:
 - Operating expenses increased by VND 33,4 billion (168,8%);
 - In contrast, general and administratisve expenses decreased by VND 1,2 billion (-11%) and Financial expenses decreased by VND 18,5 billion (-382,7%), mainly due to an increase in reversal of long-term investment provisions.

- As total income increased more significantly than total expenses, the net profit after tax for 3rd Quarter of 2025 reached VND 53,8 billion, an increase of 229,3% compared to the same period last year.

DO THI THANH HOA

Preparer

NGUYEN THI PHUONG THAO

Chief Accountant

NGUYEN DUC HIEU

General Director

15 October 2025

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN CHỨNG KHOÁN